FIFTY-FOURTHYEAR

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 10, 1904. SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH.

PARKER ACCEPTS THE NOMINATION.

He Expressed No Surprise When Champ Clark Formally Notified Him.

A RED LETTER DAY FOR ESOPUS

ceremonies Were Simple, There Being An Absence of Any Special Preparation-

JUDGE'S SPEECH CONSERVATIVE.

Inderses Platform-Expresses Loyalty To Constitution-He Favors Tariff Reform

Esopus, N. Y., Aug. 10 .- Judge Alton B. Parker was today formally notified of his nomination as the candidate of the Democratic party for president.

The ceremony occurred on the lawn of Rosemount, his handsome country home and in addition to the members of the notification committee and many prominent men of his party hundreds of the candidate's friends and neighbors assembled to witness the event.

The weather was not auspicious. The sky was overcast and threatened, a dewnpour, but in spite of these unfavorable signs it was decided that the ceremony should be held on the grounds instead of on the boat which brought the notification committee and its guests from New York. Before Representative Champ Clark had concluded his formal address, the rain began to fall fiercely but Judge Parker stood, bareheaded to the shower, and received from Mr. Clark's hands the oficial letter which informed him of the action of the St. Louis convention.

WITH FLAGS FLYING. New York, Aug. 10 .- With flags flying and the band playing the steamboat Sagamore left the Twenty-second street pler at 8:15 o'clock today, carrying 525 persons to Esopus to formally notify Judge Alton B. Parker that he has been nominated for president by the Democratic national convention. drizzling rain was failing and the galety of the occasion was somewhat marred by the inclement weather. The rs of the party were hopeful however, that the weather would clear up by the time the boat reached

Esopus, which would be about 2 o'clock. NOTIFICATION COMMITTEE. The notification committee, the mem bers of the national committee many other prominent Democrats

guests of the state committee on this ion. Nearly every prominent cerat within reach was invited. Many of them went by train.

PROMINENT PEOPLE.

Some of those who went to Esopu some of those who went to Esopus today were Champ Clark, Cord Meyer Thomas Taggart, William F. Sheehan Charles F. Murphy, Senator Joseph W Balley of Texas, Patrick H. McCaren John G. Carlisle, Marcus A. Smith of Arizona: Norman E. Mack, Perry Bel-mont, George Foster Peabody, treasurer of the national committee, and a large contingent of local Democratic leaders.

ESOPUS' GREATEST DAY.

Exopus, N. Y., Aug. 10.—Notification day, the greatest day in the modern history of Ulster county, arrived with a pouring rain, which set in just after daylight and confounded the prophesies of those who had faithfully promised Judge Parker ideal weather conditions when he was to state the conditions when he was to state the conditions. when he was to receive formal informa-tion of his selection by the Democratic president of the United States.

BREAKFAST AT ROSEMOUNT.

The unpropituous weather and th nts of Judge Parker's family and the gueste on the subject were received by the judge himself with a smile. There was an unusually large gathering the at breakfast as Rosemont, and the ta-ble at whose head Judge Parker set had about it oractically all of his im-medute relatives. Beside his own famly and that of Rev. Charles M. Hail, his son in-law, there were present Mrs. John H. Farker of Derby, Conn., the hulge's mother; Mrs. Alfred Tanner of Kingson, sixty. Kingston, sieter of Mrs. Parker; Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Miles of Derby, Conn., irother-in-law and sister of Judge Parker; Mrs. Daniel Manning of Albany, widow of President Cleveland's first secretary of the treasury, and Dr. F. C. Rieloff, the German consul at St. Rieloff, the German consul at St. ouls, who is visiting Mr. and Mrs

A WEATHER QUESTION.

It was announced that unless the weather cleared the notification ceremony would take place upon the steamboat. It appeared, in fact, that it was mainly for this purpose that the boat had been engaged. On account of the tains the grounds and porch of Rose-mont were comparatively deserted. The y rewcomers that appeared up to 30 o'clock were V. J. Dowling of New York, and Mr. and Mrs.George F. Neid-linger. The Neidlingers have the old Astor place near Rosemont, and are slends of Judge and Mrs. Parker, They spent a large and Mrs. Parker, They at the house with the family. Mrs. Neidlinger brought in her carriage the first floral offer ngs that reached the candidate.

FLOWERS FROM D. B. HILL. Former Senator David B. Hill sent his secretary, P. J. Manweiller, down m Albany on the early train. Mr. anweiller, who was accompanied by A. Delaney, of the Democratic state headquarters at Albany, was met at the Esopus station by the Rev. Charles M. Hall and driven to Rosemount. 16 carried a huge box of flowers from Senator Hill for Mrs. Parker. These were placed in the Description of the Parker. ere placed in two vases, one in the teeption room, and the other as a cen-er-piece on the dining room table and hearly everybody in the house was called upon for an opinion as to what the flower was. Nobody knew. They were yellow with large petals. They were picked at dawn from the vine

where they grew at Senator Hill's place

Mr. Hill's secretary brought word that the senator would leave Albany on the 10:30 train and the engineer of Judge Parker's launch, the Niobe, was directed to meet him at Hyde Park.

The early mail brought a letter from The early mall brought a letter from Corresponding Secy, Maxwell Egar, of the Iroquois club of Chicago, saying that the president of the organization, Charles Gunther, would attend the ceremony with two or three other members.

VISITORS FROM A DISTANCE. The earliest visitors from a distance ere Col. O'Sullivan and his daughter, were Coi. O'Sullivan and his days.
Miss Mary O'Sullivan, who came from
New Orleans, to be present at the noti-

The informality of the proceedings to come was exemplified by the absence of any visible preparation or ceremony about Rosemount. No request was made for police protection.

Expecting that the day would be fine, and that a crowd would flock to the ceremony on the lawn, Deputy Sheriff Webster of Kingston volunteered to bring up a few deputies and have them in readiness in case the press about the in readiness in case the press about the speaker's stand made their assistance desirable. The offer was accepted with thanks by Secy. McCausland, but there was! ittle need of even this presence of

civil authority.

The only police officer or detective on the place during the morning was Chief Humphrey of the New York Central railroad detective force, who came to look after the railroad end of the affair At 11:30 the rain had nearly ceased turning to a fine mist, but the clouded

At 12:30 the sky which had lightened considerably after the rain had stopped again became very dark and lowering, and Secy, McCausiand believed that the speech-making would have to be done

on the boat. COMMITTEE ARRIVES.

The steamer Sagamore, bearing the Democratic notification committee, was sighted from Rosemont at 1:05 p. m., and reached Rosemont wharf at 1:15. The West Shore train arriving just after noon brought Representative Bourke Cockran and a Tammany dele-gation. The party went to William F gation. The party went to William F. Sheehan's house for luncheon. About this time flags and bunting began to appear along the veranda at Rosemont,

CHICAGO DELEGATION.

The Chicago delegation arrived about o'clock and included John A. King, president of the Fort Dearborn bank, as chairman; Frank E. Doling, candidate for secretary of state of Illinois; President Harrison, brother of Mayor Har-

con, and candidate for Congress. This delegation brought a message of the effect that he was reluctantly obliged to forego the pleasure of attending the notification ceremonies, largely on account of the great strike in Chicago.

The trip of the notification committee from Navy Vork to Francis was attended.

from New York to Esopus was attended with much discomfort to the passengers due to continuous rain, which drove everybody from the upper decks and overgrowded the lower deck and saloon. Luncheon was served on the boat. The Sagamore was decorated with flags

and bunting and attracted the attention of every heat on the river and trains on both sheres of the Hudson. At several settlements crowds gathered and enthusiastically cheered the vessel. At Newburgh a solute of several guns was fired and an immense throng stood as scribed "Parker for us." The crowd on the boat applauded the Newburgh scribed lemonstration.

Just before reaching the Esopus landing, William S. Roche, a member of the New York state executive committee, announced to the passengers the ar-rangements for the ceremonies. These provided that notification committee should be the first to leave the boat, and that they should proceed at once to Judge Parker's home to be intro-duced by Cord Meyer, chairman of the New York state committee. It was ex-plained that after the ceremonies Judge Parker would receive all of the guests. Hon. Champ Clark of Missouri wa introduced, and spoke on behalf of the notification committee as follows:

CHAMP CLARK'S ADDRESS.

"Judge Parker: The most momentu-ous political performance known among men is the quadrennial election of an American president. The supreme executive power of 80,000,000 free people changes hands with simplest ceremony and most perfect order. While the conand most perfect order. While the contest for votes is waged with earnestness and enthusiasm—sometimes with much heat and bitterness—the ready accept-ance of the result by the defeated is the surest augury of the perpetuity of

our institutions.

"Presidents come and presidents go, but the great republic—freighted with the hopes of the human race for liberty—goes on forever.

"All instory proves that a government bottomed on popular suffrage is a government ernment by party. Experience shows that he serves his party best who serves his country best. The names most fondly cherished are those of men who de-voted their time, their energies, their talents, their fortunes and their lives to the promotion of the public weal. Stronger incentive to high and patriotic endeavor no man hath than the to stand through all the ages in that goodly company.

A REUNITED PARTY.

"Out of the masterly debates and pro-"Out of the masterly debates and pro-found deliberations of the St. Louis convention emerged a reunited party, which goes forth conquoring and to conquor. The flower of the Democracy assembled there to consult on the state of the country and to take measures for restoring the government to the princt. restoring the government to the princi-plies enunciated by the athers, from which it has drifted far in these latter

days. Every phase of Democratic opinion was represented by brave, honest and able champions in that great conclave

of free and patriotic men.
"The St. Louis convention carried out no cut and dried program. Its delegates were not mere automatous or marion. ettes waving and talking when the strings were pulled by one man. Speech and action were absolutely free and the great debates which took place there will constitute part of the permanent political literature of the country. No effort was made try. No effort was made to gag or bridle anyone. If a delegate had a pet idea which he was anxious to exploit, he was given an adequate and respectful hearing before either the platform committee or the entire convention. Out of it all erew such unity as encourage. of it all grew such unity as encourages lovers of liberty and of pure govern-

ment everywhere. "We enter upon this campaign with the strength which grows out of the union of a mighty party, with the en-thusiasm born of truth, with the cour-age that emanates from a righteous cause, with the confidence of men animated by noble purposes and lofty pa-

triotism. PRINCIPLES OF DEMOCRACY.

"The principles of Democracy are grounded in eternal truth. As formulated by the father of Democracy they are not for a day but for all time and are as applicable in this hour as when he proclaimed them in his first inaug-

Circus Thousands Filled Streets Today.

They Saw What Was Doubtless the Biggest Pageant of the Kind in the Whole Wide World-Great Crowds Attend This Afternoon, and Tonight the Attendance Will be Immense-Some of the Fine Features.

few thousands who came in with Pa and Ma from the outlying districts were on East Temple street this morning.

It is circus day. A parade moved through the principal streets. And it was a pageant, by the way, which certainly has never been surpassed by any circus in this city, neither for length nor general excellence. Ringling Bros. advertise the "greatest shows on earth." and it is a claim difficult to combat. The show going on at the fair grounds this afternoon is superior in every respect to the exhibitions given here in other years by the same firm; and that is saying a

great deal.

The parade this morning was watched by half the town. As the long line of wagons, floats and animals turned into East Temple street from Second South.

ural address, which has become a classic. The necessity of putting them into

practise is as pressing now as it was then. To once more make them the

basis of our political action is the pleas-

ant but arduous tisk assigned you by the Democracy of the land.

AIMS OF DEMOCRATS.

"To serve the whole American people, without discrimination, faithfully and well; to distribute the blessings of the federal government impartially among all our citizens; to lighten the burdens

of government by reducing taxation to the minimum and by rigid economy in

the public service; to administer the powers conferred by the Constitution justly, wisely, fearlessly, vigorously and patriotically, without diminution and without usurpation; to maintain freedom of thought, freedom of speech

and freedom of the press; to promote the sacred cause of human liberty eve-

rywhere by the wholesomeness of our example; to vindicate and glorify the theory and practise of representative government; to secure its blessings to our posterity for all time—these always

have been, are and forever must be the aims and purposes of Democrats.

CLEARLY SET FORTH.

"These aims and purposes have been

carefully, clearly and comprehensively set forth in the declaration of princi-ples which was unanimously reported

to the St. Louis convention in July last, by the platform committee, after more

than sixteen hours spent in its consideration, in which every great live is sue is frankly, boldly and fully discussed, and which was unanimously and enthusiastically adopted by that convention composed of delegates from every constituency under our flag.

"There was a splendid array of presidential candidates before the St. Louis convention supported by loval friends

number of men were placed in nomination for the greatly coveted honor. You

were chosen with such enthusiasm a

foretells success. Having, on the only ballot, received the two-thirds majori

indispensable by Democratic usage ur nomination was made unanimous

with the heartiest approval of your il

lustrious competitors. 'Absolute acquiescence in the decisions of the ma-

jority, the vital principle of republics, has ever been a cardinal tenet of Dem-

ocracy; and the signs of the times in

dicate that you will be supported at the polls by the Democratic hosts with

HIGH HOPES.

"The hope is not too extravagant for

entertainment that in this campaign our candidates will have the support not only of every Democrat in the land

but also of every voter, by whatever political name called, who believes that

the Constitution of the United States is a living reality and that it applies equally to high and low, great and

small, to public official and to private

ing the lines of demarkation between

ing the lines of demarkation between the legislative, judicial and executive departments of the government, the sep-aration of which has been generally re-garded as the most salutary and diffi-cult achievement of the masterful statesmen who framed the Constitution.

It is believed and hoped that as president you will use every le-gitimate influence at your com-

mand to restore and preserve the healthful equilibrium among the de-partments established by the Constitut-

The most marked characteristics of

the bulk of the American people are reverence for the Constitution and obe-

PARKER'S CAREER.

"Your long and conspicuous career

as a jurist in one of the highest courts in the world—the period which you have spent in studying and expounding

constitutions and statutes—causes your countrymen to believe that into the ex-

alted executive office to which they are

which depends the perpetuity of our system of government—the best ever devised by the wit of man—a system

whose beneficient results have made us the most pulssant nation on the whole

face of the earth. To preserve it in its integrity and its full vigor is the high

FAITH IN PARKER.

committed its standard with abiding faith in your courage, your integrity, your honor, your capacity and your patriotism, believing that under your leadership we will achieve a signal vic-

a long period of Democratic ascendency and that you will so discharge your du-

ies as to rank in history as one of the

greatest and best-beloved of American

"The convention, according to Dem-

ocratic custom, appointed a committee -of which it did me the honor to make

me chairman, for which I am deeply grateful-to convey to you official in-

ormation of your selection as the Democratic candidate for president of the United States.

"Speaking for the committee, with pleasure I hand you this formal notifi-

FORMAL NOTIFICATION.

presidents.

ion of the Democratic party, whose

They will also be supported, let us hope, by all men, without regard to po-litical affiliations, who favor maintain-

were nominated.

citizen.

same unanimity with which you

Every young hopeful who could make I it is estimated that at least 5,000 pairs of the entire parade. An idea of eyes were trained on it, and something that rarely happens on such occasions, namely, the applause of the length of the same may be obtained when it is said that while the spectators, was almost continuous as

he many features went by.
Of course there is a certain sameness about all circus pageants, but this one had some striking features. A group of girl buglers opened it. The horses and people were simply numberless. The menagerie features were great, including nine beautiful lions, three royal Bengal tigers; 13 camels and a herd of 26 elephants, some of them resembling old Jumbo himself. A pipe organ is something new in a circus, and the Ringling callope somewhow seems not to screech as hideously as others. The female riders were unlimited in num-

cept the nomination unanimously be-

he future can in no degree lessen or

AN ADMIRABLE PLATFORM.

The admirable platform upon which

confidence and support clearly states the principles which were so well con-

densed in the first inaugural address

of President Jefferson, and points out with force and direction the course to

ernment, the conduct of whose officials has created scandals and to punish

of their trust; to oppose the gunting of special privileges by which the few may profit at the expense of the many;

to practise economy in the expenditure of the moneys of the people, and to that end to return once more to the methods of the founders of the republic,

funds the care and caution a prudeht individual observes with respect to his

own; still the spirit of the platform assures conservative instead of rash action; the protection of the innocent as well as the punishment of the guilty;

omy and thrift; the protection of property and a guarantee of the enforcemen

erty and a guarantee of the enforcement of the law for the benefit of man's inalienable rights; among which, as is said in the Declaration of Independence are "life, liberty and pursuit of happiness." Liberty as understood in this country means not only the right of freedom from actual servitude, imprisonment or restraint but the right of one to use his faculties in all lawful ways, to live and work where he will and to pursue

and work where he will and to pursue any lawful trade or business. These essential rights of life, liberty and property are not only guaranteed to the citizen by the constitution of each of these

several states but the states are by the fourteenth amendment to the Con-stitution of the United States forbidden

to deprive any person of any one of them without due process of law.

y observing in disbursing the

the encouragement of industry,

who have been guilty of a breach

party appeals to the country for its

impair.

first wagon was passing the Brigham Young monument, the steam callope, which was the last in line, was in front of the Knutsford.

Enormous crowds have gone to the big tents this afternoon and the street car company has its hands about full hand-ling them. The prospects are for an-other tremendous turnout tonight, There was the usual crowd of youngsters to meet the cars at the grounds upon their arrival in the middle of the night. One man who took his sons out

for this sight was impressed by the fact that all during the heat and trouto screech as fideously as others. The female riders were unlimited in numbers, and the floats' representing nations were much admired. One of the bands was mounted—on horseback—and led a troop representing United States cavalry. A clown band was one of the amusing features, alternating between instrumental spasms and vo-

FUNERALS OF VICTIMS OF

THE PUEBLO DISASTER

"May the nomination find fruition in election. May the God of our fathers guide, protect and bless you both as candidate and as chief magistrate of the republic," them; statutes have been passed that were expressly forbidden by the Con-stitution and statutes have been set as unconstitutional (Continued on page seven.) When Mr. Clark had finished Judge Parker arose and replied. His speech was as follows:

JUDGE PARKER'S REPLY. Pueblo, Colo., Aug. 10.-The beauty of oday was marred for hundreds of Pue-Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen of the blo citizens who witnessed the passage committee:

I have resigned the office of chief judge of the court of appeals of this state, in order that I may accept the of friends and relatives whose bodies vere being conveyed to their final resting places. Early in the day all prepresponsibility that the great convention you represent has put upon me, with-out possible prejudice to the court to arations had been completed for the funerals. The undertakers and liveryout possible prejudice to the court to which I had the honor to belong, or to the eminent members of the judiciary of this state, of whom I may now say as a private civizen I am justly proud. men were severely taxed in supplying hearses and vehicles, but all were finally accommedated, and soon long lines were wending their way to the various CONFIDENCE APPRECIATED. cemeteries. Many bodies were sent to At the very threshold of this response and before dealing with other subjects I must in justice to myself and to relieve my sense of gratitude express my profound appreciation of other cities last night and today. Sad, indeed, were some of the pictures to

be seen; lustances of father and mother being borne to the grave followed by the confidence reposed in me by the convention. After nominating me and subsequently receiving a communicathree and four orphan children were not rare. Down-town the streets were tion declaring that I regarded the gold standard as firmly and irrevocably escrowded with people watching the processions, and business was almost at a tablished, a matter concerning which I felt it incumbent upon me to make known my attitude, so that hereafter no man could justly say that his support had been secured through indirecstandstill. The search for victims which has been so faithfully conducted the past two days was resumed at dawn today, but

and enthusiastically adopted by that convention composed of delegates from every constituency under our flag.

"There was a splendid array of presidential candidates before the St. Louis convention, supported by loyal friends and ardent admirers. An unusually large number of men were placed in nomination for the greatly covered hount. You ever may be the fate of the campaign, has been difficult, but perhaps not more so than in many other similar cases. The names have been duplicated and quadruplicated with trifling variations until the lists have been swelled to even more than 100. The list of identified dead, as reported this morning with the addition of the bodies recover

ed yesterday, numbers 71, with three still unidentified and 28 missing The coroner's jury was brought tobe pursued through their proper appli-cation in order to insure needed re-forms in both the legislative and ad-ministrative deartiment gether again this morning and resumed its investigations. A mass of evidence is being collected, but has been of little norms in both the legislative and administrative departments of the government. While unhesitating in its promise to correct abuses and to right wrongs wherever they appear or howconsequence, but has resulted in bring-ing out the fact that a party of ghouls were driven from their nefarious work

The wrecking crews succeeded in en-tering the overturned chair car this morning, but no bodies were found. This was about the last place where bodies were expected to be found at the scene of the wreck and any further dis-coveries will probably be made further down the river or dug from the sand.

PORTE ACCEPTS.

Russia's Assurances as to Character of Volunteer Fleet.

Constantinople. Aug. 10.—The porte has definitely accepted the assurances of Russia as to the character of the volunteer fleet vessels seeking to traverse the Dardanelles.

In a note to the Russian embassy agreeing to the exit of the steamers the porte emphasizes the fact that its understanding of the Russian statement is: Vessels of the volunteer fleet shall of carry arms or munitions of war; hey shall fly the commercial flag broughout the voyage, and shall tra-erse the straits separately at stated

The first vessel is expected tomorrow

American Consulate Robbed. Paris, Aug. 10.- Consul General Gow

dy on arriving at the American consu-late today found that his private desk had been forced, the woodwork badly smashed, petty cash and postage stamps amounting to several hundred france abstracted, and his papers ran-sacked. The big safe of the consulate bore conspicuous traces of unsuccessful attempts to force it open. The safe contained a large sum in cash and im-portant documents. The police are making the fullest investigation.

Nebraska Democrats.

Lincoln, Neb., Aug. 10.—The personnel of the Democratic state ticket was entirely in doubt when the convention was called to order here today. Judge Holcomb who seemed to have the best hance to secure the nomination of the Democrats and Populists, on fusion platform, seemed to lose ground just before the convention met, and George W. Berg, of Lincoln, and Representative George L. Loomis of Fre-mont, both Democrats, appeared to have an equal chance with him. It is practically settled that there shall be two electoral tickets in the

shall be two electoral lickets in the field, one Democratic and the other Popullst, but that the same names for state offices and the legislature shall appear on the two tickets. This would almost certainly give the state to Roosevelt, at the same time giving the fusionists a better chance to elect Bryan United States senator.

TWO BIGGEST BATTLESHIPS. British Admirality Asks Clyde Shipbuilders to Tender Bids.

London, Aug. 10.—The admiralty has invited the Clyde ship bullders to tender hids for two battleships of 16,500 tons and high speed. It is said these vessels in the matter of armament and armored protection will eclipse anything yet attempted. That the admiralty officials are in a hurry to get the vessels started to indicated by the fact, that started is indicated by the fact that he tenders must be sent in by Sept. 8, which is unusually short notice.

KING EDWARD.

Goes to Marienbad to Take His Annual Cure.

London, Aug. 10.—King Edward started for Marienbad. Bohemia, today to take his annual cure at the baths. He travels incognito as the Duke of Lan-caster. The king's stay at Marlenbad will be entirely of a private character, with the exception of the occasion of Emperor Francis Joseph's visit to him

by officers who say, however, that they secured little plunder. The holding of bodies for ransom has also developed. One of the unidentified bodies was recognized shortly before II o'clock this morning as being Mrs. Ada Campbell, of Pueblo. This leaves two unidentified bodies in the morgue. The wrecking crews succeeded in en-RUSSIANS ARE GREATLY ALARMED

The Japanese Occupy Wolf Hills Whence Emplaced Guns Can Command Port Arthur,

THINK STOESSEL CAN HOLD OUT

Grave Apprehension is Felt Regard. ing the Position of General Kuropatkin.

DOUBTFUL IF HE CAN WITHDRAW.

Cordon Tightening on the South-Line Of Communication Threatened - Russian Commander Nearly Pocketed.

St. Petersburg, Aug. 10.-(1 p. m.)-Nervousness over the situation at the front seems to be increasing since the occupation by the Japanese of the Wolf hills, before Port Arthur. It is added that the besiegers have an elevated position, whence emplaced guns can command the fortress, and while still professing confidence that Gen. Stoessel will be able to hold out with his comparatively small garrison against the enormous number of the attackers and their evident disregard of men, as indicated by the reckless manner in which they stormed the outer positions, the state of affairs creates more apprehension than the war office or ad-

miralty cares to acknowledge. Similar misgivings exist regarding Gen. Kuropatkin's position, the advantages of the new Japanese base at Newchwang in greatly simplifying the problem of provisioning their army being fully realized.

But it is the report that the Japanese are working up westward of the main Russian army which occasions the greatest uneasiness. The rumor that they are moving up towards Simintin, a short distance west of Mukden, from

Newchwang, is generally believed. With the Japanese cordon tightening south and east, a column threatening the Russian line of communications in the rear toward Mukden, the appearance of the Japanese on the other side of Mukden would almost pocket Gen. Kuropatkin if he has resolved to accept battle with his whole army at Liao Yang. Shrewd military tacticians are extremely doubtful whether Gen. Kuropatkin could now withdraw even if he so desired.

Another glarming feature of the situation in connection with the Japanese western column is the report that it includes many Chinese who are Japanese subjects from the island of For-mosa, whose influence on the local Chinese and the soldiers of Gen. Ma and Viceroy Yun Shakai is feared.

A DOMESTIC TRAGEDY.

S. W. Miller Kills His Wife and Then Commits Suicide.

Pueblo, Colo., Aug. 10.-J. W. Miller, a former smelter employe, today shot and killed his wife, Mizella, attempted to murder his eldest daughter, who escaped taking two younger chil-dren with her, and then put a bullet through his own brain, dying almost in-stantiy. Miller was 57 years old, and last March was separated from his wife. A family of 10 children are left orphans in very straitened circumstances,

Automobilists on Last Lap.

Springfield, Ill., Aug. 10.-Refreshed Springfield, Ill., Aug. 10.—Refreshed by a night's rest, 41 of the 100 or more automobilists on their way from Boston and New York to St. Louis, left Springfield today for the last lap of their long journey. The start for St. Louis was made by the first carriages before 7:30 this morning. The others followed at short intervals. The tourists are due to reach East St. Louis about 4 p. m., where a stop will be made at the Eads bridge until all cars arrive and the automobiles will then arrive and the automobiles will then proceed in a procession to the world's

SENATOR N. B. SCOTT.

Taken Suddenly III at Republican Headquarters. New York, Aug. 10 .- United States

Senator Nuthan B. Scott, of West Virginia, was taken suddenly ill at his desk in the National Republican head-quarters. It is reported that the giack le serious stomach trouble, similar to the one he suffered a year ago. He was taken to the Fifth Avenue hotel, where a trained nurse and physicians

Waldeck Rousseau Dead.

Paris, Aug. 10.—Former Promier Walk-deck-Rousseau died this afternoon as the result of an operation.

The former premier died at Corbeit, 18 miles from Paris, at 2:45 p. m.

CITY HAS GOOD WATER.

Analyses of Parley's and City Creek Show "Excellent Purity."

City Chemist Harms today filed with Clerk Brothers of the city board of health, analyses of the water of Parley's creek and City creek just completed by him. The waters of both reeks, he reports as being of "excellent purity." The Parley's creek water, which was taken out of the intake at the Thirteenth East reservoir, contains no nitrates, and no nitrites. It only contains .015 parts per million parts of free amonia and albuminoid ammonia. The City creek water, which was taken out of the tank in City Creek canyon, analyzes exactly the same in regard to those ingredients. So the water used by the residents of this city is in better condition at this season of the year than it was last year, and is certainly of a good quality,



٠ معراسها معراسها معراسها معراسه والمعراسة ومعراسه والمعراسة والمعراسة والمعراسة ومعراسة ومعراسة ومعراسة ومعراسة والمعراسة والمعراسة والمعراسة ومعراسة NANNIE TOUT HOME.

Young Utah Nightingale Heturns After Three Years of Study in Europe.

There passed through Salt Lake for her home in Ogden this afternoon on the belated Rio Grande passenger, Miss Nannie Tout, the young Utah nightingale who has been abroad for several years developing her wonderful voice. Miss Tout will remain at home for a short time only-about one month-and then she will return to London to further pursue her musical studies and to fill some important concert engagements. Just what she will do in the way of concert work while on her vacation will not be decided upon until she consults her uncle, Mr. Irving Emmett, who is to be her business manager. It is settled, however, that she will be heard in her home city-Ogden-and also in Salt Lake. Negotiations for her appearance in both places are now under

Readers of the Deseret News have been kept well informed regarding the marvelous voice development of Miss Tout and of her recent artistic triumph in London; and of her cordial reception at the hands of England's queen. The young lady is assured of a most cordial welcome to her mountain home, and hundreds will await with interest an opportunity to hear her sing.

REGARD FOR CONSTITUTION.

about to call you, you will carry that profound respect for the Constitution and the law which with you has become a confirmed mental habit, and upon Occasionally, by reason of unnecessary impatient agitation for reforms, or because the limitations placed upon the lepartments of government by the Constitution are disregarded by officials destitution are disregarded by officials de-siring to accomplish that which to them seems good, whether the power exists in them or not, it becomes desirable to call attention to the fact that the people in whom all power resides, have seen fit, through the medium of the Consti-tution to limit governmental powers conferred and to say to departments created by it: "Thus far shait thou go and no farther." To secure the ends sought the people have by the Constitu-"Into your hands the Democracy has committed its standard with abiding and no farther." To secure the ends sought the people have by the Constitution separated and distributed among the three departments of government—the executive, legislative and distributed. tory, that your administration will be such a fortunate, such a happy era in our annals as to mark the beginning of the executive, legislative and judicial—certain powers, and it is the duty of those administering each department so to act as to preserve, rather than to destroy the potency of the co-ordinate branches of the government and thus secure the exercise of all the powers conferred by the people.

conferred by the people.

JEFFERSON QUOTED. Thomas Jefferson, in a letter to William C. Jarvis, touching the perpetuity of our institutions, written many years

ment maintain their mutual indepen-dence of each other, it may last long, but not so if either can assume the au-thority of the other."

after he had retired to private life, 'If the three powers of our govern-